

NAME

APRECV – APSR network testing tool designed to receive arbitrary packets

SYNOPSIS

aprecv [*options*]

DESCRIPTION

APRECV is designed to *receive* and *analyze* arbitrary network packets or complete protocols. A complete list of currently supported protocols can be found in the *PROTOCOLS* section.

APRECV supports a lot of command line options to control the *packet sniffing engine*, *BPF filters*, the *output format*, *statistics* and *various error checks*. Please have a look at the *OPTIONS* section.

Every non-printable characters in the payload field of the different protocols will be replaced by a ".".

OPTIONS**--calc-checksums**

Recalculate the checksums of the sniffed packets (if any) and print the correct one if it's wrong. Currently only IPv4 and ICMPv4 are implemented.

-c | --count

Count the size of the received packets.

-d | --device <device>

Listen on device. If no interface is given, *APRECV* tries to autoselect one (excluding loopback devices). On some systems you can use "any" to listen on all interfaces at the same time.

-D | --daemon

Run *APRECV* in daemon mode (fork in background and exit).

--expand-<protocol>

Expand the protocol header and display all protocol header fields verbosely. Following options are available: *--expand-all*, *--expand-ethernet*, *--expand-arp*, *--expand-token*, *--expand-llc* and *--expand-pppoe*.

-f | --filter filter rule

Set up a *BPF* filter rule.

-F | --filter-nopt filter rule

Set up a non-optimized *BPF* filter rule.

--help | -h

Display a help message and exit.

-l | --logfile <file>

Write all received packets which are normally printed to STDOUT to a file. If the file doesn't exist, *APRECV* will create a new one, otherwise it will append the information.

--max-packets <num>

Maximum number of packets to receive, default is a endless loop.

--module <file>

Load a shared module (only the *application layer* will be visible by the module!).

--module-ignore

Ignore the builtin *BPF* filter of the module.

--module-raw

Load a shared module and give the *full buffer* (with *datalink*, *network* and *transport layer*) to the module.

--print-<protocol>-hex

Print the payload of a packet in hex. The following options are available: *--print-ip-hex*, *--print-pppoe-hex*, *--print-tcp-hex* and *--print-udp-hex*.

--print-<protocol>-text

Print the payload of a packet in text. The following options are available: *--print-tcp-text* and *--print-udp-text*.

-p | --promisc <0|1>

Enable or disable promiscuous mode for the device (0=off, 1=on). The promiscuous mode is useful in ethernet networks to receive packets which are not sent to the *MAC address* of your network interface.

-P | --pcap-file <file>

Read a raw pcap dump from a file.

--quiet

Close the stdout filehandle, useful with raw logfile mode, but print out errors.

-r | --logfile-raw <file>

Log all packets in raw format to a file.

--really-quiet

Close the stdout and stderr filehandle, useful with raw logfile mode.

-R | --print-raw-hex

Print raw packets in hex.

--server-addr <ip>

IP Address of the APSR-Server, to connect to.

--server-port <port>

Port number of the APSR-Server.

-s | --snaplen <up to 65535>

Set the snaplen for pcap, default is 65535.

--statistic

Print a statistic of all counted packets and protocols before terminating. Format: NORMAL_COUNT (TRUNCATED_PACKETS|ERRORS_IN_PACKETS).

--use-apsrlib

Use the APSRLib instead of Libpcap. Some options may be disabled or not useable.

-v | --verbose

Print more information about the protocols, the interface, the localnet and the netmask address and activate resolving of IP and MAC addresses.

-V | --version

Display the *APRECV* version and the compiled libpcap version.

PROTOCOLS

Currently the following protocols are supported: Ethernet II, LLC/SNAP(802.3), 802.2, VLAN(802.1p/1q), 802.11b, Prism monitor mode frames, TokenRing(802.5), CDP, PPPoE with Tags, PPP with LCP, IPCP, IPV6CP, IPXCP, ATCP, ECP, PAP and CHAP, LQR, ARP/RevARP/InvARP, IPv4/IPv6, IPX, ICMPv4/ICMPv6, IGMP, TCP, UDP, SPX/SPX2, IPComp, IPAuth, IFMP, ESP, SCTP, EGP, GGP, IRTP, GRE, OSPFv2/OSPFv3, NARP, IGRP, EIGRP, VRRP, PIM, RIPv1/RIPv2, IPXRIP and RIPng.

SEE ALSO

apspend (1), <http://www.tcpdump.org> or pcap (3) for *BPF* filter logic.

AUTHOR

APSR development team (<http://www.aa-security.de>).

REPORTING BUGS

Report bugs to <bugs@aa-security.de>.